#### Developing a Powerful yet Inexpensive Computational Infrastructure for the UT Dept. of Nuclear Engineering

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### Overview

- Status of Existing Computational Infrastructure
- General Design Approach

- Description of System Hardware and Software
- Auxiliary Experiments
- Future Opportunities

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# Status of Existing Infrastructure

- Single 20-CPU cluster
- Xeon 2.4 GHz processors (130nm, 65W TDP)
- ~73GB disk space
- Red Hat Linux, 2.4 series kernel
- 40GB hard drive in each node



# **General Design Approach**

- Use commodity desktop hardware
- Utilize diskless nodes

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- Freely available, open source software where possible
- Focus on energy efficiency, low construction cost, speed
- Consideration given to application software of interest at time of construction

# **Design Considerations**

- Limited power and cooling available

   Test/identify energy efficient processors
- Limited space
  - Look to high-density configurations (e.g. multi-core CPUs, alternative cooling)
- Less than \$20k to spend

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 Desktop hardware instead of server hardware

### **CPU Evaluation**

- Kill-A-Watt used to measure power consumption, power factor
- Testing at idle and at full load
- Where possible, the same motherboard was used for multiple CPUs
- 2 MCNP test cases used one ABTR full-core k-code model, one ORNL critical benchmark experiment



# Intel Xeon 2.4 GHz

- 2.4 GHz
- Single Core
- 130nm
- 65W TDP



- \$235 each when purchased
- 2/\$10 on eBay today

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# AMD Athlon 64 X2 5200+

- 2.7 GHz
- Dual-Core
- 65nm
- 90W TDP
- \$130 each when purchased (1/08)
- ~\$55 today



# AMD Phenom X4 9850

- 2.5 GHz
- Quad-core
- 65nm
- 125W TDP
- Released 3/08 at \$235
- ~\$160 today



# Intel Core 2 Quad Q6700

- 2.66 GHz
- Quad-core
- 65nm
- 95W TDP
- Released 4/07 at \$533
- ~\$275 in May 2008
- ~\$215 today



# Intel Core 2 Quad Q9300

- 2.5 GHz
- Quad-core
- 45nm
- 95W TDP
- Released 3/08 at \$266
- ~\$285 in May 2008
- ~\$240 today



# Intel Core 2 Quad Q8200

- 2.33 GHz
- Quad-core
- 45nm
- 95W TDP
- Released 8/2008 at \$224
- ~\$165 today



### **Performance Summary**

Processor	Run Time	Idle Power (W)	Full Load Power (W)	Energy Cons. (Wh)	CPU Cost
AMD Athlon X2 5200+	18:09	74	145	43.86	\$54.99
AMD Phenom X4 9850	07:12		279	33.46	\$154.99
Intel Core 2 Quad Q6700	06:28	63	127	13.69	\$214.99
Intel Core 2 Quad Q9300	05:24	45	97	8.73	\$239.99
Intel Core 2 Quad Q8200	05:48	45	91	8.8	\$165.99

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# **Overclocking Summary**

Processor	Run Time	Idle Power (W)	Full Load Power (W)	Energy Cons. (Wh)
Intel Core 2 Quad Q6700 @ 2.66GHz	06:28	63	127	13.69
@ 3.06GHz	06:05	64	138	13.99
@ 3.15GHz	05:48	63	140	13.53
@ 3.25GHz	05:35	64	143	13.31
Intel Core 2 Quad Q9300 @2.5GHz	05:24	45	97	8.73
@3.00GHz	04:30	47	101	7.58
@3.15GHz	04:17	47	102	7.28
@3.00GHz w/Larger Heat Sink	04:30	47	93	6.98

# **Dual-Core Cooling**

 Stock aluminum heat sink (top) unable to manage heat generated in 2U rack space

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 Replaced with copper heat-pipe heat sink (bottom)



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# **Phenom Cooling**

- Stock heat sink too tall for 2U rack space with neighboring nodes
- No suitable substitute air-cooled substitute for high density nodes
- Water cooling as alternative



## **Phenom Cooling**

 Heat-pipe heat sink replaced with water block (right)

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 Connected to pumped loop rejecting heat via large radiator



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# **Phenom Cooling**

 5 full-size ATX motherboards operated with water cooling in 10U rack space



# Water Cooling Decommissioned

- Availability of 45-nm Intel processors made system unnecessary
- Power consumption of Intel 45-nm quadcore less than AMD 65-nm dual-core



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# Smaller Heat Sink with Smaller Process

- Reduced TDP in moving from 65-nm to 45-nm process led to smaller included heat sink
- Larger heat sink on 45nm CPU saves 8W
- Intel's 8088 used a 3,000 nm process, original Pentium was 800 nm



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#### **New Cluster**

- 10 dual-core AMD CPUs @ 2.7 GHz
- 5 quad-core AMD CPUs
   @ 2.5 GHz

- 4 quad-core Intel CPUs @2.7 GHz
- 2TB disk space
- Ubuntu 8.04 LTS Server Edition, 2.6 series kernel



# **Software Overview**

Ubuntu 8.04 LTS Server Edition

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- Diskless Remote Boot Linux (DRBL)
- Ganglia

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- Webmin
- Application Software
  - CoreMaster 2, SCALE, MCNP, MCNPX, MonteBurns, POLCA, PHOENIX, NESTLE, Space07 Pointwise-Continuous Cross sections

## **Ubuntu/DRBL**

 Ubuntu is a Debian-based Linux distribution maintained by Canonical

- Focus is on out-of-the-box hardware support, package manager
- Diskless Remote Boot Linux (DRBL) provides boot images and management of cluster compute nodes

# Modifications to DRBL Script

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- Addition of modules for hardware sensor data and CPU frequency scaling on compute nodes
- Implementation of on-demand CPU frequency scaling governor
  - This reduces clock speed at idle to as low as 1 GHz, reducing idle power consumption

## Ganglia

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 Ganglia provides a web-based view of cluster status/health



# **Ganglia Mods**

- Cron job to access motherboard's sensor data (fan speeds, temperatures, voltages) sent to Ganglia
  - Randomization
     needed to avoid
     network collisions
- System-average plots generated
- User metrics added



### Webmin

Find: capac

Done

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- Web-based system administration tool
- Allows non-Linux savvy admin to perform user management tasks



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# **Application Software**

• MCNP, MCNPX, MonteBurns

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VirtualBox

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- Matlab
- CoreMaster 2, PHOENIX, POLCA
- NESTLE, SCALE
- ANSYS

# **Development Tools**

- Intel, Portland Group, and GNU Fortran Compilers
- C++, Perl, PHP, MySQL, Java, Apache2, Tomcat

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• MPICH, LAM MPI

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## Future Development Opportunities

- MPI-compatible job scheduler
  - Include logic to power nodes on/off as needed
- Larger heat sinks to reduce energy use
- Higher density, mini-ITX (6" square) motherboards
  - May be able to mount as many as 6 quad-core motherboards in a single case
- Implement independent RAID network
   attached storage (NAS) device